

Reference No. : SZ2022070283-4E

Date : Jul. 21, 2022

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Client : Paul Stricker SA | Paul Stricker CZ s.r.o | Reda a.s.
Address : N.I. Murtede, It5 - 3060-372 Murtede – Portugal | Hviezdoslavova 55d, 627 00
Brno - Czech Republic

The following merchandise was (were) submitted and identified by the client as:

Name of Product : Mini UDP Pen drive

Test Model : 97434

Model May Cover : /

Main Material: /

Produced to : Paul Stricker SA

Manufacturer: 9358 | 0031762

Supplier: /

Buyer: /

Sample Received : Jul. 06, 2022

Test Period : Jul. 06, 2022 - Jul. 21, 2022

As requested by the client, According to RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU(RoHS 2.0) and its subsequent amendments Directive (EU) 2015/863. Split the sample and determine the Pb, Cd, Hg, Cr (VI), PBBs, PBDEs, DEHP, BBP, DBP&DIBP content of the parts.

Test Specification and Conclusion:

RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU(RoHS 2.0) and its subsequent amendments
Directive (EU) 2015/863

PASS

Issued By :



Leo Qin
Lab Manager



SZ2022070283-4E

STQ Testing Services Co., Ltd.

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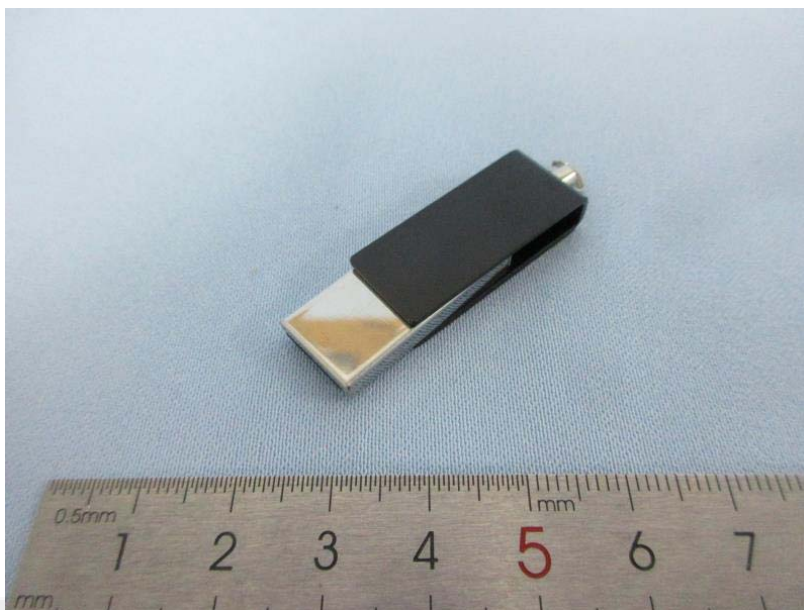
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PRODUCT PHOTO

***** To be continued *****

TEST METHOD:

1. Sample prepared with reference to IEC 62321-2:2021 Determination of certain substances in electrotechnical products - Part 2: Disassembly, disjunction and mechanical sample preparation
2. Sample Screening testing with reference to IEC 62321-3-1:2013 Determination of certain substances in electrotechnical products - Part 3-1: Screening - Lead, mercury, cadmium, total chromium and total bromine using X-ray fluorescence spectrometry.
3. Wet Chemical Test Method
 - a. Determination of Lead ,Cadmium by ICP-OES with reference to IEC 62321-5:2013
 - b. Determination of Mercury by ICP-OES with reference to IEC 62321-4:2013+A1:2017
 - c. Determination of Hexavalent Chromium by UV-Vis Method with reference to IEC 62321-7-1:2015 or IEC 62321-7-2:2017
 - d. Determination of PBBs and PBDEs by GC-MS with reference to IEC 62321-6:2015
 - e. Determination of Phthalates by GC-MS with reference to IEC 62321-8:2017

***** To be continued *****



TEST RESULTS:

Part No.	Test Part Description	Note	Test Results ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (mg/kg)									
			Pb	Cd	Hg	Cr(VI)	PBBs	PBDEs	DEHP	BBP	DBP	DIBP
1#	Silvery metal shell	XRF	BL	BL	BL	IN	---		---	---	---	---
		CHEM	---	---	---	Neg.	---	---	---	---	---	---
2#	Black plating metal shell	XRF	BL	BL	BL	IN	---		---	---	---	---
		CHEM	---	---	---	Neg.	---	---	---	---	---	---
3#	Silvery metal part ^①	XRF	IN	BL	BL	BL	---		---	---	---	---
		CHEM	27686	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
4#	Silvery metal ring	XRF	IN	BL	BL	BL	---		---	---	---	---
		CHEM	N.D.	---	---	---	---	---	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
5#	Black plastic sheath	XRF	BL	BL	BL	BL	BL		---	---	---	---
		CHEM	---	---	---	---	---	---	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
6#	Coppery metal contact sheet	XRF	IN	BL	BL	BL	---		---	---	---	---
		CHEM	N.D.	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

TEST REPORT

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Part No.	Test Part Description	Note	Test Results ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (mg/kg)									
			Pb	Cd	Hg	Cr(VI)	PBBs	PBDEs	DEHP	BBP	DBP	DIBP
7#	Black plastic storage card	XRF	BL	BL	BL	BL	BL		---	---	---	---
		CHEM	---	---	---	---	---	---	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.

STQ

STQ Testing Services Co., Ltd.

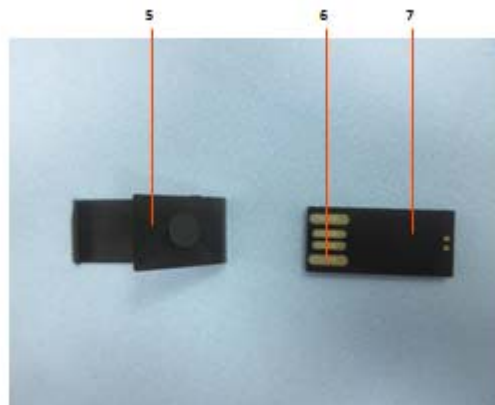
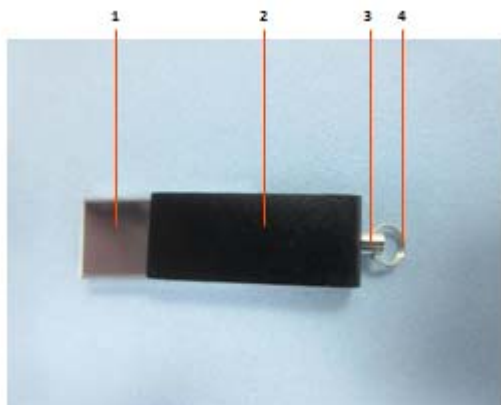
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TEST PART PHOTOS

***** To be continued *****

STQ

Remark:**(1) For results of XRF**

(a) It is the result on total Br while test item on restricted substances is PBBs/PBDEs. It is the result on total Cr while test item on restricted substances is Cr^{6+} .

(b) Results are obtained by EDXRF for primary screening, and further chemical testing by ICP-OES (for Cd, Pb, Hg), UV-Vis (for Cr^{6+}) and GC/MS (for PBBs, PBDEs) is recommended to be performed, if the concentration exceeds the below warning value according to IEC 62321-3-1:2013 (unit: mg/kg)

Element	Polymer	Metal	Composite Materials
Cd	$\text{BL} \leq (70-3\sigma) < X < (130+3\sigma) \leq \text{OL}$	$\text{BL} \leq (70-3\sigma) < X < (130+3\sigma) \leq \text{OL}$	$\text{LOD} < X < (150+3\sigma) \leq \text{OL}$
Pb	$\text{BL} \leq (700-3\sigma) < X < (1300+3\sigma) \leq \text{OL}$	$\text{BL} \leq (700-3\sigma) < X < (1300+3\sigma) \leq \text{OL}$	$\text{BL} \leq (500-3\sigma) < X < (1500+3\sigma) \leq \text{OL}$
Hg	$\text{BL} \leq (700-3\sigma) < X < (1300+3\sigma) \leq \text{OL}$	$\text{BL} \leq (700-3\sigma) < X < (1300+3\sigma) \leq \text{OL}$	$\text{BL} \leq (500-3\sigma) < X < (1500+3\sigma) \leq \text{OL}$
Br	$\text{BL} \leq (300-3\sigma) < X$	--	$\text{BL} \leq (250-3\sigma) < X$
Cr	$\text{BL} \leq (700-3\sigma) < X$	$\text{BL} \leq (700-3\sigma) < X$	$\text{BL} \leq (500-3\sigma) < X$

(c) BL = Below Limit, OL = Over Limit, IN = Inconclusive, LOD = Limit of Detection,
-- = Not Regulated, NA = Not Applicable.

(d) The XRF screening test for RoHS elements – The reading may be different to the actual content in the sample be of non-uniformity composition.

(2) For results of Chemical testing

(a) mg/kg = ppm = 0.0001%, N.D. = Not Detected (<MDL), --- = Not Conducted.

(b) Unit and Method Detection Limit (MDL) in wet chemical test

Test Items	Pb	Cd	Hg	DEHP	BBP	DBP	DIBP
Units	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
MDL	10	10	10	500	500	500	500

The MDL for single compound of PBBs & PBDEs is 10 mg/kg and MDL of Cr^{6+} for polymer & composite sample is 10 mg/kg.

(c) According to IEC 62321-7-1:2015, result on Cr^{6+} for metal sample is shown as Pos./Neg.

Pos. = Positive, Neg. = Negative

Pos. = Presence of Cr^{6+} coating, Neg. = Absence of Cr^{6+} coating.

***** To be continued *****

(3)RoHS Requirement

Restricted substances	Limits
Lead (Pb)	0.1% (1000mg/kg)
Cadmium (Cd)	0.01% (100mg/kg)
Mercury (Hg)	0.1% (1000mg/kg)
Chromium (VI) (Cr ⁶⁺)	0.1% (1000mg/kg)
Polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs)	0.1% (1000mg/kg)
Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDEs)	0.1% (1000mg/kg)
Di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP)	0.1% (1000mg/kg)
Benzyl butyl phthalate (BBP)	0.1% (1000mg/kg)
Di-n-butyl phthalate (DBP)	0.1% (1000mg/kg)
Di-isobutyl phthalate (DIBP)	0.1% (1000mg/kg)

(4) ^①Copper alloy containing up to 4 % lead by weight (RoHS Exemption 6(c)).

***** To be continued *****

(5)RoHS Exemptions

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
1,Mercury in single capped (compact) fluorescent lamps not exceeding (per burner):	
1(a),For general lighting purposes < 30 W: 2,5 mg	Expires on 24 February 2023
1(b),For general lighting purposes ≥ 30 W and < 50 W: 3,5 mg	Expires on 24 February 2023
1(c),For general lighting purposes ≥ 50 W and < 150 W: 5 mg	Expires on 24 February 2023
1(d),For general lighting purposes ≥ 150 W: 15 mg	Expires on 24 February 2023
1(e),For general lighting purposes with circular or square structural shape and tube diameter ≤ 17 mm: 5 mg	Expires on 24 February 2023
1(f)-I ,For lamps designed to emit mainly light in the ultraviolet spectrum: 5 mg	Expires on 24 February 2027
1(f)-II ,For special purposes: 5 mg	Expires on 24 February 2025'
1(g),For general lighting purposes < 30 W with a lifetime equal or above 20 000 h: 3,5 mg	Expires on 24 August 2023
2(a),Mercury in double-capped linear fluorescent lamps for general lighting purposes not exceeding (per lamp):	
2(a)(1),Tri-band phosphor with normal lifetime and a tube diameter < 9 mm (e.g. T2): 4 mg	Expires on 24 February 2023
2(a)(2),Tri-band phosphor with normal lifetime and a tube diameter ≥ 9 mm and ≤ 17 mm (e.g. T5): 3 mg	Expires on 24 February 2023
2(a)(3),Tri-band phosphor with normal lifetime and a tube diameter > 17 mm and ≤ 28 mm (e.g. T8): 3,5 mg	Expires on 24 February 2023
2(a)(4),Tri-band phosphor with normal lifetime and a tube diameter > 28 mm (e.g. T12): 3,5 mg	Expires on 24 February 2023
2(a)(5),Tri-band phosphor with long lifetime (≥ 25 000 h): 5 mg.	Expires on 24 February 2023
2(b), Mercury in other fluorescent lamps not exceeding (per lamp):	
2(b)(2), Non-linear halophosphate lamps (all diameters): 15 mg	Expires on 13 April 2016
2(b)(3), Non-linear tri-band phosphor lamps with tube diameter > 17 mm (e.g. T9):15mg	Expires on 24 February 2023; 10 mg may be used per lamp from 25 February 2023 until 24 February 2025
2(b)(4)-I ,Lamps for other general lighting and special purposes (e.g. induction lamps): 15 mg	Expires on 24 February 2025
2(b)(4)-II ,Lamps emitting mainly light in the ultraviolet spectrum: 15 mg	Expires on 24 February 2027
2(b)(4)-III ,Emergency lamps: 15 mg	Expires on 24 February 2027
3,Mercury in cold cathode fluorescent lamps and external electrode fluorescent lamps (CCFL and EEFL) for special purposes used in EEE placed on the market before 24 February 2022 not exceeding (per lamp):	

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Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
3(a), Short length (≤ 500 mm): 3,5 mg	Expires on 24 February 2025
3(b), Medium length (> 500 mm and $\leq 1\,500$ mm): 5 mg	Expires on 24 February 2025
3(c), Long length ($> 1\,500$ mm): 13 mg	Expires on 24 February 2025
4(a), Mercury in other low pressure discharge lamps (per lamp): 15 mg	Expires on 24 February 2023
4(a)-I, Mercury in low pressure non-phosphor coated discharge lamps, where the application requires the main range of the lamps spectral output to be in the ultraviolet spectrum: up to 15 mg mercury may be used per lamp	Expires on 24 February 2027
4(b), Mercury in High Pressure Sodium (vapour) lamps for general lighting purposes not exceeding (per burner) in lamps with improved colour rendering index $R_a > 80$: $P \leq 105$ W: 16 mg may be used per burner	Expires on 24 February 2027
4(b)-I, Mercury in High Pressure Sodium (vapour) lamps for general lighting purposes not exceeding (per burner) in lamps with improved colour rendering index $R_a > 60$: $P \leq 155$ W: 30 mg may be used per burner	Expires on 24 February 2023
4(b)-II, Mercury in High Pressure Sodium (vapour) lamps for general lighting purposes not exceeding (per burner) in lamps with improved colour rendering index $R_a > 60$: 155 W $< P \leq 405$ W: 40 mg may be used per burner	Expires on 24 February 2023
4(b)-III, Mercury in High Pressure Sodium (vapour) lamps for general lighting purposes not exceeding (per burner) in lamps with improved colour rendering index $R_a > 60$: $P > 405$ W: 40 mg may be used per burner	Expires on 24 February 2023
4(c), Mercury in other High Pressure Sodium (vapour) lamps for general lighting purposes not exceeding (per burner):	
4(c)-I, $P \leq 155$ W: 20 mg	Expires on 24 February 2027
4(c)-II, 155 W $< P \leq 405$ W: 25 mg	Expires on 24 February 2027
4(c)-III, $P > 405$ W: 25 mg	Expires on 24 February 2027
4(e), Mercury in metal halide lamps (MH)	Expires on 24 February 2027
4(f)-I, Mercury in other discharge lamps for special purposes not specifically mentioned in this Annex	Expires on 24 February 2025
4(f)-II, Mercury in high pressure mercury vapour lamps used in projectors where an output ≥ 2000 lumen ANSI is required	Expires on 24 February 2027
4(f)-III, Mercury in high pressure sodium vapour lamps used for horticulture lighting	Expires on 24 February 2027
4(f)-IV, Mercury in lamps emitting light in the ultraviolet spectrum	Expires on 24 February 2027

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
4(g), Mercury in hand crafted luminous discharge tubes used for signs, decorative or architectural and specialist lighting and light-artwork, where the mercury content shall be limited as follows: (a) 20 mg per electrode pair+0,3mg per tube length in cm, but not more than 80 mg, for outdoor applications and indoor applications exposed to temperatures below 20 °C; (b) 15 mg per electrode pair+0,24mg per tube length in cm, but not more than 80 mg, for all other indoor applications	Expires on 31 December 2018'
5(a), Lead in glass of cathode ray tubes	
5(b), Lead in glass of fluorescent tubes not exceeding 0,2 % by weight	
6(a), Lead as an alloying element in steel for machining purposes and in galvanized steel containing up to 0,35 % lead by weight	Expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments; — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices; — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
6(a)-I, Lead as an alloying element in steel for machining purposes containing up to 0,35 % lead by weight and in batch hot dip galvanised steel components containing up to 0,2 % lead by weight	Expires on 21 July 2021 for categories 1-7 and 10.
6(b), Lead as an alloying element in aluminium containing up to 0,4 % lead by weight	Expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments, — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices, — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
6(b)-I Lead as an alloying element in aluminium containing up to 0,4 % lead by weight, provided it stems from lead-bearing aluminium scrap recycling	Expires on 21 July 2021 for categories 1-7 and 10.
6(b)-II Lead as an alloying element in aluminium for machining purposes with a lead content up to 0,4 % by weight	Expires on 18 May 2021 for categories 1-7 and 10

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
6(c), Copper alloy containing up to 4 % lead by weight	Expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 1-7 and 10, —21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments, —21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices, — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
7(a), Lead in high melting temperature type solders (i.e. lead- based alloys containing 85 % by weight or more lead)	Applies to categories 1-7 and 10 (except applications covered by point 24 of this Annex) and expires on 21 July 2021. For categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments expires on 21 July 2021. For category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices expires on 21 July 2023. For category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11 expires on 21 July 2024.
7(b), Lead in solders for servers, storage and storage array systems, network infrastructure equipment for switching, signalling, transmission, and network management for telecommunications	

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
7(c)-I, Electrical and electronic components containing lead in a glass or ceramic other than dielectric ceramic in capacitors, e.g. piezoelectronic devices, or in a glass or ceramic matrix compound	Applies to categories 1-7 and 10 (except applications covered under point 34) and expires on 21 July 2021. For categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments expires on 21 July 2021. For category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices expires on 21 July 2023. For category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11 expires on 21 July 2024.
7(c)-II, Lead in dielectric ceramic in capacitors for a rated voltage of 125 V AC or 250 V DC or higher	Does not apply to applications covered by point 7(c)-I and 7(c)-IV of this Annex. Expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 1-7 and 10; — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments; — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices; — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
7(c)-III, Lead in dielectric ceramic in capacitors for a rated voltage of less than 125 V AC or 250 V DC	Expires on 1 January 2013 and after that date may be used in spare parts for EEE placed on the market before 1 January 2013

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
7(c)-IV, Lead in PZT based dielectric ceramic materials for capacitors being part of integrated circuits or discrete semiconductors	Expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 1-7 and 10; — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments; — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices; — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
8(a), Cadmium and its compounds in one shot pellet type thermal cut-offs	Expires on 1 January 2012 and after that date may be used in spare parts for EEE placed on the market before 1 January 2012
8(b), Cadmium and its compounds in electrical contacts	Applies to categories 8, 9 and 11 and expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments; — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices; — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
8(b)-I Cadmium and its compounds in electrical contacts used in: — circuit breakers, — thermal sensing controls, — thermal motor protectors (excluding hermetic thermal motor protectors), — AC switches rated at: — 6 A and more at 250 V AC and more, or — 12 A and more at 125 V AC and more, — DC switches rated at 20 A and more at 18 V DC and more, and — switches for use at voltage supply frequency \geq 200 Hz.	Applies to categories 1 to 7 and 10 and expires on 21 July 2021.

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
9, Hexavalent chromium as an anticorrosion agent of the carbon steel cooling system in absorption refrigerators up to 0,75 % by weight in the cooling solution	Applies to categories 8, 9 and 11 and expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments, — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices, — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
9(a)-I Up to 0,75 % hexavalent chromium by weight, used as an anticorrosion agent in the cooling solution of carbon steel cooling systems of absorption refrigerators (including minibars) designed to operate fully or partly with electrical heater, having an average utilised power input < 75 W at constant running conditions	Applies to categories 1-7 and 10 and expires on 5 March 2021.
9(a)-II Up to 0,75 % hexavalent chromium by weight, used as an anticorrosion agent in the cooling solution of carbon steel cooling systems of absorption refrigerators: — designed to operate fully or partly with electrical heater, having an average utilized power input \geq 75 W at constant running conditions, — designed to fully operate with non-electrical heater.	Applies to categories 1-7 and 10 and expires on 5 March 2021.
9(b), Lead in bearing shells and bushes for refrigerant- containing compressors for heating, ventilation, air conditioning and refrigeration (HVACR) applications	Applies to categories 8, 9 and 11; expires on: — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices, — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments and for category 11, — 21 July 2021 for other subcategories of categories 8 and 9.
9(b)-(I), Lead in bearing shells and bushes for refrigerant- containing hermetic scroll compressors with a stated electrical power input equal or below 9 kW for heating, ventilation, air conditioning and refrigeration (HVACR) applications	Applies to category 1; expires on 21 July 2019.'
11(a), Lead used in C-press compliant pin connector systems	May be used in spare parts for EEE placed on the market before 24 September 2010
11(b), Lead used in other than C-press compliant pin connector systems	Expires on 1 January 2013 and after that date may be used in spare parts for EEE placed on the market before 1 January 2013

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
12, Lead as a coating material for the thermal conduction module C-ring	May be used in spare parts for EEE placed on the market before 24 September 2010
13(a), Lead in white glasses used for optical applications	Applies to all categories; expires on: — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices; —21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments and for category 11; — 21 July 2021 for all other categories and subcategories
13(b),Cadmium and lead in filter glasses and glasses used for reflectance standards	Applies to categories 8, 9 and 11; expires on: — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices; —21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments and for category 11; —21 July 2021 for other subcategories of categories 8 and 9
13(b)-(I),Lead in ion coloured optical filter glass types	Applies to categories 1 to 7 and 10; expires on 21 July 2021 for categories 1 to 7 and 10'
13(b)-(II) ,Cadmium in striking optical filter glass types; excluding applications falling under point 39 of this Annex	Applies to categories 1 to 7 and 10; expires on 21 July 2021 for categories 1 to 7 and 10'
13(b)-(III), Cadmium and lead in glazes used for reflectance standards	Applies to categories 1 to 7 and 10; expires on 21 July 2021 for categories 1 to 7 and 10'
14, Lead in solders consisting of more than two elements for the connection between the pins and the package of micropro-cessors with a lead content of more than 80 % and less than 85 % by weight	Expires on 1 January 2011 and after that date may be used in spare parts for EEE placed on the market before 1 January 2011

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
15, Lead in solders to complete a viable electrical connection between semiconductor die and carrier within integrated circuit flip chip packages	Applies to categories 8, 9 and 11 and expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments; — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices; — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
15(a) Lead in solders to complete a viable electrical connection between the semiconductor die and carrier within integrated circuit flip chip packages where at least one of the following criteria applies: — a semiconductor technology node of 90 nm or larger; — a single die of 300 mm ² or larger in any semiconductor technology node; — stacked die packages with die of 300 mm ² or larger, or silicon interposers of 300 mm ² or larger.	Applies to categories 1 to 7 and 10 and expires on 21 July 2021.
17, Lead halide as radiant agent in high intensity discharge (HID) lamps used for professional reprography applications	
18(b), Lead as activator in the fluorescent powder (1 % lead by weight or less) of discharge lamps when used as sun tanning lamps containing phosphors such as BSP (BaSi ₂ O ₅ :Pb)	Expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 1-7 and 10; — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments; — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices; — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
18(b)-I Lead as activator in the fluorescent powder (1 % lead by weight or less) of discharge lamps containing phosphors such as BSP (BaSi ₂ O ₅ :Pb) when used in medical phototherapy equipment	Applies to categories 5 and 8, excluding applications covered by entry 34 of Annex IV, and expires on 21 July 2021.

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
21, Lead and cadmium in printing inks for the application of enamels on glasses, such as borosilicate and soda lime glasses	Applies to categories 8, 9 and 11 and expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments; — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices; — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
21(a) Cadmium when used in colour printed glass to provide filtering functions, used as a component in lighting applications installed in displays and control panels of EEE	Applies to categories 1 to 7 and 10 except applications covered by entry 21(b) or entry 39 and expires on 21 July 2021.
21(b) Cadmium in printing inks for the application of enamels on glasses, such as borosilicate and soda lime glasses	Applies to categories 1 to 7 and 10 except applications covered by entry 21(a) or 39 and expires on 21 July 2021.
21(c) Lead in printing inks for the application of enamels on other than borosilicate glasses	Applies to categories 1 to 7 and 10 and expires on 21 July 2021.
23, Lead in finishes of fine pitch components other than connectors with a pitch of 0,65 mm and less	May be used in spare parts for EEE placed on the market before 24 September 2010
24, Lead in solders for the soldering to machined through hole discoidal and planar array ceramic multilayer capacitors	Expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 1-7 and 10, — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments, — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices, — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
25, Lead oxide in surface conduction electron emitter displays (SED) used in structural elements, notably in the seal frit and frit ring	

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
29, Lead bound in crystal glass as defined in Annex I (Categories 1, 2, 3 and 4) of Council Directive 69/493/EEC (¹)	Expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 1-7 and 10; — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments; — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices; — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
30, Cadmium alloys as electrical/mechanical solder joints to electrical conductors located directly on the voice coil in transducers used in high-powered loudspeakers with sound pressure levels of 100 dB (A) and more	
31, Lead in soldering materials in mercury free flat fluorescent lamps (which e.g. are used for liquid crystal displays, design or industrial lighting)	
32, Lead oxide in seal frit used for making window assemblies for Argon and Krypton laser tubes	Expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 1-7 and 10, — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments, — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices, — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
33, Lead in solders for the soldering of thin copper wires of 100 μm diameter and less in power transformers	
34, Lead in cermet-based trimmer potentiometer elements	Applies to all categories; expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 1-7 and 10, — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments, — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices, — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
37, Lead in the plating layer of high voltage diodes on the basis of a zinc borate glass body	Expires on: — 21 July 2021 for categories 1-7 and 10; — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments; — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices; — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments, and for category 11.
38, Cadmium and cadmium oxide in thick film pastes used on aluminium bonded beryllium oxide	
39(a), Cadmium selenide in downshifting cadmium-based semiconductor nanocrystal quantum dots for use in display lighting applications (< 0,2 µg Cd per mm ² of display screen area)	Expires for all categories on 31 October 2019.
41, Lead in solders and termination finishes of electrical and electronic components and finishes of printed circuit boards used in ignition modules and other electrical and electronic engine control systems, which for technical reasons must be mounted directly on or in the crankcase or cylinder of hand-held combustion engines (classes SH:1, SH:2, SH:3 of Directive 97/68/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council)	Applies to all categories and expires on: — 31 March 2022 for categories 1 to 7, 10 and 11; — 21 July 2021 for categories 8 and 9 other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices and industrial monitoring and control instruments; — 21 July 2023 for category 8 in vitro diagnostic medical devices; — 21 July 2024 for category 9 industrial monitoring and control instruments.

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
42, Lead in bearings and bushes of diesel or gaseous fuel powered internal combustion engines applied in non-road professional use equipment: — with engine total displacement \geq 15 litres; or — with engine total displacement < 15 litres and the engine is designed to operate in applications where the time between signal to start and full load is required to be less than 10 seconds; or regular maintenance is typically performed in a harsh and dirty outdoor environment, such as mining, construction, and agriculture application	Applies to category 11, excluding applications covered by entry 6(c) of this Annex. Expires on 21 July 2024.
43, Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate in rubber components in engine systems, designed for use in equipment that is not intended solely for consumer use and provided that no plasticised material comes into contact with human mucous membranes or into prolonged contact with human skin and the concentration value of bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate does not exceed: (a) 30 % by weight of the rubber for (i) gasket coatings; (ii) solid-rubber gaskets; or (iii) rubber components included in assemblies of at least three components using electrical, mechanical or hydraulic energy to do work, and attached to the engine. (b) 10 % by weight of the rubber for rubber-containing components not referred to in point (a). For the purposes of this entry, “prolonged contact with human skin” means continuous contact of more than 10 minutes duration or intermittent contact over a period of 30 minutes, per day.	Applies to category 11 and expires on 21 July 2024.'
44. Lead in solder of sensors, actuators, and engine control units of combustion engines within the scope of Regulation (EU) 2016/1628 of the European Parliament and of the Council (*), installed in equipment used at fixed positions while in operation which is designed for professionals, but also used by non-professional users	Applies to category 11 and expires on 21 July 2024.
45. Lead diazide, lead styphnate, lead dipicramate, orange lead (lead tetroxide), lead dioxide in electric and electronic initiators of explosives for civil (professional) use and barium chromate in long time pyrotechnic delay charges of electric initiators of explosives for civil (professional) use	Applies to category 11 and expires on 20 April 2026'

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX III and its subsequent amendments	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
Note: ⁽¹⁾ OJ L 326, 29.12.1969, p.36. (*) Regulation (EU) 2016/1628 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 September 2016 on requirements relating to gaseous and particulate pollutant emission limits and type-approval for internal combustion engines for non-road mobile machinery, amending Regulations (EU) No 1024/2012 and (EU) No 167/2013, and amending and repealing Directive 97/68/EC (OJ L 252, 16.9.2016, p. 53).	

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX IV and its subsequent amendments Equipment utilising or detecting ionising radiation	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
1. Lead, cadmium and mercury in detectors for ionising radiation.	
2. Lead bearings in X-ray tubes.	
3. Lead in electromagnetic radiation amplification devices: micro-channel plate and capillary plate.	
4. Lead in glass frit of X-ray tubes and image intensifiers and lead in glass frit binder for assembly of gas lasers and for vacuum tubes that convert electromagnetic radiation into electrons.	
5. Lead in shielding for ionising radiation.	
6. Lead in X-ray test objects.	
7. Lead stearate X-ray diffraction crystals.	
8. Radioactive cadmium isotope source for portable X-ray fluorescence spectrometers. Sensors, detectors and electrodes	
8.1a. Lead and cadmium in ion selective electrodes including glass of pH electrodes.	
8.1b. Lead anodes in electrochemical oxygen sensors.	
8.1c. Lead, cadmium and mercury in infra-red light detectors.	
8.1d. Mercury in reference electrodes: low chloride mercury chloride, mercury sulphate and mercury oxide.	
9. Cadmium in helium-cadmium lasers.	
10. Lead and cadmium in atomic absorption spectroscopy lamps.	
11. Lead in alloys as a superconductor and thermal conductor in MRI.	
12. Lead and cadmium in metallic bonds creating superconducting magnetic circuits in MRI, SQUID, NMR (Nuclear Magnetic Resonance) or FTMS (Fourier Transform Mass Spectrometer) detectors.	Expires on 30 June 2021
13. Lead in counterweights.	
14. Lead in single crystal piezoelectric materials for ultrasonic transducers.	
15. Lead in solders for bonding to ultrasonic transducers.	
16. Mercury in very high accuracy capacitance and loss measurement bridges and in high frequency RF switches and relays in monitoring and control instruments not exceeding 20 mg of mercury per switch or relay.	
17. Lead in solders in portable emergency defibrillators.	
18. Lead in solders of high performance infrared imaging modules to detect in the range 8-14 μm .	

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Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX IV and its subsequent amendments Equipment utilising or detecting ionising radiation	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
19. Lead in Liquid crystal on silicon (LCoS) displays.	
20. Cadmium in X-ray measurement filters.	
21. Cadmium in phosphor coatings in image intensifiers for X-ray images until 31 December 2019 and in spare parts for X-ray systems placed on the EU market before 1 January 2020.	
22. Lead acetate marker for use in stereotactic head frames for use with CT and MRI and in positioning systems for gamma beam and particle therapy equipment.	Expires on 30 June 2021.
23. Lead as an alloying element for bearings and wear surfaces in medical equipment exposed to ionising radiation.	Expires on 30 June 2021
24. Lead enabling vacuum tight connections between aluminium and steel in X-ray image intensifiers.	Expires on 31 December 2019
25. Lead in the surface coatings of pin connector systems requiring nonmagnetic connectors which are used durably at a temperature below – 20 °C under normal operating and storage conditions.	Expires on 30 June 2021
26. Lead in the following applications that are used durably at a temperature below – 20 °C under normal operating and storage conditions: (a) solders on printed circuit boards; (b) termination coatings of electrical and electronic components and coatings of printed circuit boards; (c) solders for connecting wires and cables; (d) solders connecting transducers and sensors. Lead in solders of electrical connections to temperature measurement sensors in devices which are designed to be used periodically at temperatures below – 150 °C.	Expires on 30 June 2021
27. Lead in — solders, — termination coatings of electrical and electronic components and printed circuit boards, — connections of electrical wires, shields and enclosed connectors, which are used in magnetic fields within the sphere of 1 m radius around the isocentre of the magnet in medical magnetic resonance imaging equipment, including patient monitors designed to be used within this sphere, or magnetic fields within 1 m distance from the external surfaces of cyclotron magnets, magnets for beam transport and beam direction control applied for particle therapy.	Expires on 30 June 2020
28. Lead in solders for mounting cadmium telluride and cadmium zinc telluride digital array detectors to printed circuit boards.	Expires on 31 December 2017
29. Lead in alloys, as a superconductor or thermal conductor, used in cryo-cooler cold heads and/or in cryo-cooled cold probes and/or in cryo-cooled equipotential bonding systems, in medical devices (category 8) and/or in industrial monitoring and control instruments.	Expires on 30 June 2021

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX IV and its subsequent amendments Equipment utilising or detecting ionising radiation	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
30. Hexavalent chromium in alkali dispensers used to create photocathodes in X-ray image intensifiers until 31 December 2019 and in spare parts for X-ray systems placed on the EU market before 1 January 2020.	
31a. Lead, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, and polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE) in spare parts recovered from and used for the repair or refurbishment of medical devices, including in vitro diagnostic medical devices, or electron microscopes and their accessories, provided that the reuse takes place in auditable closed-loop business-to-business return systems and that each reuse of parts is notified to the customer.	Expires on: (a) 21 July 2021 for the use in medical devices other than in vitro diagnostic medical devices; (b) 21 July 2023 for the use in in vitro diagnostic medical devices; (c) 21 July 2024 for the use in electron microscopes and their accessories.'
32. Lead in solders on printed circuit boards of detectors and data acquisition units for Positron Emission Tomographs which are integrated into Magnetic Resonance Imaging equipment.	Expires on 31 December 2019
33. Lead in solders on populated printed circuit boards used in Directive 93/42/EEC class IIa and IIb mobile medical devices other than portable emergency defibrillators.	Expires on 30 June 2016 for class IIa and on 31 December 2020 for class IIb.
34. Lead as an activator in the fluorescent powder of discharge lamps when used for extracorporeal photopheresis lamps containing BSP (BaSi ₂ O ₅ :Pb) phosphors.	Expires on 22 July 2021
35. Mercury in cold cathode fluorescent lamps for back-lighting liquid crystal displays, not exceeding 5 mg per lamp, used in industrial monitoring and control instruments placed on the market before 22 July 2017	Expires on 21 July 2024
36. Lead used in other than C-press compliant pin connector systems for industrial monitoring and control instruments.	Expires on 31 December 2020. May be used after that date in spare parts for industrial monitoring and control instruments placed on the market before 1 January 2021.'

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX IV and its subsequent amendments Equipment utilising or detecting ionising radiation	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
37. Lead in platinized platinum electrodes used for conductivity measurements where at least one of the following conditions applies: (a) wide-range measurements with a conductivity range covering more than 1 order of magnitude (e.g. range between 0,1 mS/m and 5 mS/m) in laboratory applications for unknown concentrations; (b) measurements of solutions where an accuracy of $\pm 1\%$ of the sample range and where high corrosion resistance of the electrode are required for any of the following: (i) solutions with an acidity $< \text{pH } 1$; (ii) solutions with an alkalinity $> \text{pH } 13$; (iii) corrosive solutions containing halogen gas; (c) measurements of conductivities above 100 mS/m that must be performed with portable instruments.	Expires on 31 December 2025
38. Lead in solder in one interface of large area stacked die elements with more than 500 interconnects per interface which are used in X-ray detectors of computed tomography and X-ray systems	Expires on 31 December 2019. May be used after that date in spare parts for CT and X-ray systems placed on the market before 1 January 2020.
39. Lead in micro-channel plates (MCPs) used in equipment where at least one of the following properties is present: (a) a compact size of the detector for electrons or ions, where the space for the detector is limited to a maximum of 3 mm/MCP (detector thickness+space for installation of the MCP), a maximum of 6 mm in total, and an alternative design yielding more space for the detector is scientifically and technically impracticable; (b) a two-dimensional spatial resolution for detecting electrons or ions, where at least one of the following applies: (i) a response time shorter than 25 ns; (ii) a sample detection area larger than 149 mm^2 ; (iii) a multiplication factor larger than $1,3 \times 10^3$. (c) a response time shorter than 5 ns for detecting electrons or ions; (d) a sample detection area larger than 314 mm^2 for detecting electrons or ions; (e) a multiplication factor larger than $4,0 \times 10^7$.	(a) 21 July 2021 for medical devices and monitoring and control instruments; (b) 21 July 2023 for in-vitro diagnostic medical devices; (c) 21 July 2024 for industrial monitoring and control instruments
40. Lead in dielectric ceramic in capacitors for a rated voltage of less than 125 V AC or 250 V DC for industrial monitoring and control instruments	Expires on 31 December 2020. May be used after that date in spare parts for industrial monitoring and control instruments placed on the market before 1 January 2021

Exemptions	
RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU ANNEX IV and its subsequent amendments Equipment utilising or detecting ionising radiation	
Exemption Items	Expires Date
41. Lead as a thermal stabiliser in polyvinyl chloride (PVC) used as base material in amperometric, potentiometric and conductometric electrochemical sensors which are used in in-vitro diagnostic medical devices for the analysis of blood and other body fluids and body gases.	Expires on 31 March 2022
42. Mercury in electric rotating connectors used in intravascular ultrasound imaging systems capable of high operating frequency (> 50 MHz) modes of operation.	Expires on 30 June 2026
43. Cadmium anodes in Hersch cells for oxygen sensors used in industrial monitoring and control instruments, where sensitivity below 10 ppm is required.	Expires on 15 July 2023
44. Cadmium in radiation tolerant video camera tubes designed for cameras with a centre resolution greater than 450 TV lines which are used in environments with ionising radiation exposure exceeding 100 Gy/hour and a total dose in excess of 100kGy.	Applies to category 9. Expires on 31 March 2027.
45. Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) in ion-selective electrodes applied in point of care analysis of ionic substances present in human body fluids and/or in dialysate fluids	Expires on 21 July 2028.
46. Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) in plastic components in MRI detector coils	Expires on 1 January 2024.
47. Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP), butyl benzyl phthalate (BBP), dibutyl phthalate (DBP) and diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP) in spare parts recovered from and used for the repair or refurbishment of medical devices, including in vitro diagnostic medical devices, and their accessories, provided that the reuse takes place in auditable closed-loop business-to-business return systems and that each reuse of parts is notified to the customer	Expires on 21 July 2028.

***** END OF REPORT *****

TEST REPORT

Reference No. : SZ2022070283-4E

Date : Jul. 21, 2022

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GENERAL CONDITIONS OF SERVICES

STQ Testing Services Co.,Ltd. (hereinafter "STQ"), The testing or examining under the request of the customer should obey terms as follow, according to regulation of "Contract Law of the People's Republic of China" on processing and undertaking contract, our company have legal right of termination without any reason and have the right to accept or refuse testing or examining request:

1. STQ only acts for the person or body originating the instructions (the "Clients"). No other party is entitled to give instructions, particularly on the scope of testing or delivery of report or certificate, unless authorized by the Clients.
2. Sample recycling: when the testing or examining is finished, the customer should recycle the sample. Within 30 days after issuing of testing report, if the customer could not recycle the sample or send notification of sample recycling in written (for example, if the sample belongs to consumables, toxic drugs, dangerous goods and other items that are not suitable for long-term storage, such as semi-finished products and fragile samples such as liquids and powders, the retention period will be shortened to 7 days). After the retention period, STQ has the right to dispose of the sample arbitrarily without paying compensation or compensation to the customer and take no responsibility for the consequences that damages the customer's trade secrets and intellectual property rights due to the loss of the sample.
3. The delivery and return fee of the samples which need to do testing at STQ should be paid by the client. STQ will not bear the responsibility for the testing error that is caused by transporting, packaging and labelling.
4. The Clients shall always comply with the following before or during STQ providing its services:
 - a) provide sample(s) and relevant data, at the same time, guarantee the consistence of the sample(s)' name they declared with the sample(s) or the goods provided. Otherwise, STQ will not bear any relevant responsibilities;
 - b) giving timely instructions and adequate information to enable STQ to perform the services effectively;
 - c) supply, when requested by STQ, any equipment and personnel for the performance of the services;
 - d) take all necessary steps to eliminate or remedy any obstruction in the performance of the services;
 - e) inform STQ in advance of any hazards or dangers, actual or potential, associated with any order of samples or testing;
 - f) provide all necessary access for STQ's representative to enable the required services to be performed effectively;
 - g) ensure all essential steps are taken for safety of working conditions, sites and installations during the performance of services;
 - h) fully discharge all its liabilities under any contract like sales contract with a third party, whether or not a report or certificate has been issued by STQ, failing which STQ shall be under no obligation to the Clients.
5. Subject to STQ's accepting the Client's instructions, STQ will issue reports or certificates which reflect statements of opinion made with due care within the scope of instructions but STQ is not obliged to report upon any facts outside the instructions, if there were any dissidence about the report or certificate, the Client should provide the written declaration to STQ within 15 days after the date receiving the report or certificate, otherwise, STQ will not hear the case after the date limit.
6. STQ is irrevocably authorized by the Clients to deliver at its discretion the report or the certificate to any third party when instructed by the Clients or where it implicitly follows from circumstances, trade custom, usage or practice as determined by STQ.
7. A test report will be issued in confidence to the Clients and it will be strictly treated as such by STQ. It may not be reproduced either in its entirety or in part and it may not be used for advertising or other unauthorized purposes without the written consent of STQ. The Clients to whom the Report is issued may, however, show or send it, or a certified copy thereof prepared by STQ, to his customer, supplier or other persons directly concerned. STQ will not, without the consent of the Clients, enter into any discussion or correspondence with any third party concerning the contents of the report unless required by the relevant governmental authorities, laws or court orders.
8. Applicants wishing to use STQ's reports in court proceedings or arbitration shall inform STQ to that effect prior to submitting the sample for testing.
9. The report will refer only to the sample tested and will not apply to the bulk, unless the sampling has been carried out by STQ and is stated as such in the Report. Also, the report is only for reference.
10. Any documents containing engagements between the Clients and third parties like contracts of sale, letters of credit, bills of lading, etc. are regarded as information for STQ only and do not affect the scope of the services or the obligations accepted by STQ.
11. If the Clients do not specify the methods/standards to be applied, STQ will choose the appropriate ones and further information regarding the methods can be obtained by direct contact with STQ, for the in-house method, STQ will only provide the summary.
12. No liability shall be incurred by and no claim shall be made against STQ or its servants, agents, employees or independent contractors in respect of any loss or damage to any such materials, equipment and property occurring whilst at STQ or any work places in which the testing is carried out, or in the course of transit to or from STQ or the said work places, whether or not resulting from any acts, neglect or default on the part of any such servants, agents, employees or independent contractors of STQ.
13. STQ will not be liable, or accept responsibility for any loss or damage howsoever arising from the use of information contained in any of its reports or in any communication whatsoever about its said tests or investigations.
14. Except for term 11 and term 12, if the test sample is damaged due to the negligence of ZOTAC, the total compensation for loss and damage to the sample or loss to the customer shall not exceed twice of the test service fee.
15. In the event of STQ prevented by any cause outside STQ's control from performing any service for which an order has been given or an agreement made, the Clients shall pay to STQ:
 - a) the amount of all abortive expenditure actually made or incurred;
 - b) a proportion of the agreed fee or commission equal to the proportion (if any) of the service actually carried out by STQ, and STQ shall be relieved of all responsibility whatsoever for the partial or total non-performance of the required service.
16. STQ shall be discharged from all liabilities for all claims for loss, damage or expense unless suit is brought within one calendar

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year after the date of the performance by STQ of the service relating to the claim or in the event of any alleged non-performance within one year of the date when such service should have been completed.

17. The Clients acknowledge that STQ does not, either by entering into a contract or by performing service, assume or undertake to discharge any duty of the Clients to any other persons. STQ is neither an insurer nor a guarantor and disclaims all liability in such capacity.
18. The Clients shall hold harmless and indemnify STQ and its officers, employees, agents or independent contractors against all claims made by any third party for loss, damage or expense of whatsoever nature including reasonable legal expenses relating to the performance or non-performance of any services to the extent that the aggregate of any such claims relating to any one service exceed the limits mentioned in Clause 13.
19. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of the report/certificate is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law; in the event of improper use of the report, STQ reserves the right to withdraw it, and to adopt any other measures which may be appropriate.
20. Samples are deposited with and accepted by STQ on the basis that either they are insured by the Clients or the Clients assumes entire responsibility for loss through fire, theft, burglary or for damages arising in the course of analysis or handling, without recourse whatsoever to STQ or its servants, agent, employees or independent contractors.
21. If the requirements of the Clients require the analysis of samples by the Clients' or any third party's laboratory, STQ will only convey the result of the analysis without responsibility for its accuracy. If STQ is only able to witness an analysis by the Clients' or any third Party's laboratory STQ will only confirm that the correct sample has been analyzed without responsibility for the accuracy of any analysis or results.
22. In the event of any unforeseen additional time or costs being incurred in the course of carrying out any of its services, STQ shall be entitled to charge the Clients additional fees to reflect the additional time and costs incurred.
23. All rights (including but not limited to copyright) in any reports, certificates or other materials produced by STQ in the course of providing its services shall remain vested in STQ.
24. Unless otherwise agreed in written, payment should be arranged within 10 days after the invoice date or the debit note date. If the payment is overdue, the overdue penalty shall be calculated at 1‰ per day of the unpaid part till the actual payment date. All expenses, costs and losses incurred by STQ as a result of collecting or claiming the fees owed shall be borne by the customer, including but not limited to attorney fees, litigation fees, preservation fees, preservation guarantee fees, travel expenses, etc.
25. Test results may be transmitted by electronic means at the Client's request. However, it should be noted that electronic transmission cannot guarantee the information contained will not be lost, delayed or intercepted by third party. STQ is not liable for any disclosure, error or omission in the content of such messages as a result of electronic transmission.
26. If necessary, STQ may subcontract part of or all tests to competent subcontractors. If no objection is raised at the time of the Clients submitting the application, STQ shall assume the Client's approval.
27. This report/certificate does not relieve sellers/suppliers from their contractual responsibility with regards to the quality/quantity of this delivery nor does it prejudice the Client's right to claim towards sellers/suppliers for compensation for any apparent and/or hidden defects not detected during STQ's random inspection or testing or audit.
28. The testing data and result(s) in this report is(are) just for scientific research, education, internal quality control and product development etc.
29. STQ reserves the right to include Special Conditions in addition to the foregoing General Conditions if warranted by the particular circumstances of the required test or investigation [this clause is only effective when the other party has been informed].
30. The foregoing General Conditions shall in all respects be governed, construed, interpreted and operated in accordance with the relevant Chinese laws and regulations. Unless otherwise agreed, the arbitration shall take place in P. R. C
31. These General Condition have been drafted in Chinese and may be translated into other languages. In the event of any discrepancy, the Chinese version shall prevail.
32. In general sample will be stored for 30 days. But for liquid, powder, etc semi-product & fragile product, it will be stored only for 7 days.